



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

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VersaPay Corporation
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
(Canadian dollars)

As at	Note	March 31 2019 \$	December 31 2018 * \$ (Recast - Note 2)
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	8,585,103	11,119,966
Restricted cash		37,158	37,158
Funds held for merchants	4,6	10,491,428	16,624,969
Trade receivables	6	1,245,101	1,246,458
Other receivable		74,171	464,701
Unbilled revenue		114,683	55,508
Current portion of lease receivable	3,6	250,430	-
Prepaid expenses and other	3	1,010,103	919,306
Current assets		21,808,177	30,468,066
Lease receivable	3,6	900,190	-
Property and equipment	3	1,686,008	1,909,552
Right-of-use asset	3	9,848,402	-
Contract asset		406,116	479,274
Non-current assets		12,840,716	2,388,826
Total assets		34,648,893	32,856,892
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6	1,680,577	2,494,107
Unearned revenue		1,470,002	920,278
Funds due to merchants	4,6	10,491,428	16,624,969
Current portion of lease liabilities	3,6	1,508,599	43,533
Cash-settled share-based compensation liabilities		797,498	520,010
Liabilities associated with previously-owned segment		704,299	794,299
Current liabilities		16,652,403	21,397,196
Lease incentive allowance	3	-	509,474
Deferred rent	3	-	157,944
Lease liabilities	3,6	9,853,286	94,879
Non-current liabilities		9,853,286	762,297
Total liabilities		26,505,689	22,159,493
Equity			
Share capital		46,063,483	46,063,483
Contributed surplus		3,803,509	3,692,872
Accumulated deficit		(41,882,251)	(39,237,120)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		158,463	178,164
Total equity		8,143,204	10,697,399
Total liabilities and equity		34,648,893	32,856,892

* The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the cumulative effect method as of January 1, 2019. Under this method, the comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

See accompanying notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

VersaPay Corporation
 Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and
 Comprehensive Income (Loss)
 (Canadian dollars)

	Note	Three months ended March 31,	
		2019 \$	2018 * \$ (Recast - Note 2)
Revenue		1,950,938	1,028,341
Cost of sales		414,660	296,156
Gross profit		1,536,278	732,185
General and administrative expenses	3	2,089,139	1,238,034
Research and development expenses		1,174,205	902,827
Sales and marketing expenses		1,056,086	1,270,649
Loss from operations		(2,783,152)	(2,679,325)
Foreign exchange gain (loss) from operations		13,582	(1,197)
Finance income	3	43,223	18,598
Finance expense - Lease liabilities	3	(144,084)	-
Other Finance expense		-	(639)
Net (loss) for the period		(2,870,431)	(2,662,563)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation differences		(19,701)	5,050
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(19,701)	5,050
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(2,890,132)	(2,657,513)
Earnings (loss) per share			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			
Basic	5	43,340,851	37,898,475
Diluted	5	43,340,851	37,898,475
Earnings (loss) per share (\$ per share)			
Basic	5	(0.07)	(0.07)
Diluted	5	(0.07)	(0.07)

* The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the cumulative effect method as of January 1, 2019. Under this method, the comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

VersaPay Corporation
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
(Canadian dollars)

	Note	Number of Shares Outstanding	Share Capital \$	Contributed Surplus \$	Warrants Reserve \$	Accumulated Deficit \$	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income \$	Total Equity *
As at December 31, 2017		37,822,475	37,443,841	3,185,953	-	(26,438,372)	132,689	14,324,111
IFRS 15 net opening adjustment						136,774		136,774
As at January 1, 2018		37,822,475	37,443,841	3,185,953	-	(26,301,598)	132,689	14,460,885
Net loss for the period (Recast)	2	-	-	-	-	(2,662,563)	-	(2,662,563)
Other comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	5,050	5,050
Exercise of options		100,000	227,000	(86,000)	-	-	-	141,000
Share based payments		-	-	156,569	-	-	-	156,569
As of March 31, 2018		37,922,475	37,670,841	3,256,522	-	(28,964,161)	137,739	12,100,941
As of December 31, 2018		43,340,851	46,063,483	3,692,872	-	(39,237,120)	178,164	10,697,399
IFRS 16 net opening adjustment	3					225,300		225,300
As at January 1, 2019		43,340,851	46,063,483	3,692,872	-	(39,011,820)	178,164	10,922,699
Net loss for the period						(2,870,431)		(2,870,431)
Other comprehensive loss for the period							(19,701)	(19,701)
Exercise of options								-
Share based payments				110,637				110,637
As of March 31, 2019		43,340,851	46,063,483	3,803,509	-	(41,882,251)	158,463	8,143,204

* The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the cumulative effect method as of January 1, 2019. Under this method, the comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

VersaPay Corporation
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended, March 31	
	2019 \$	2018 * \$ (Recast - Note 2)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss from continuing operations	(2,870,431)	(2,662,563)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization of lease incentive allowance	-	(5,245)
Amortization	330,282	32,765
Deferred rent	-	4,760
Interest on finance lease	144,084	-
Interest income on lease receivable	(17,382)	-
Share based payments	110,637	156,569
Cash-settled share-based compensation mark-to-market	277,488	134,974
	(2,025,322)	(2,338,740)
Change in non-cash working capital items		
Trade receivables	1,357	(196,352)
Other receivable	(20,710)	-
Unbilled revenue	(59,175)	-
Prepaid expenses and other	(233,467)	(185,072)
Contract asset	73,158	(76,095)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(789,771)	(331,866)
Unearned revenue	549,724	124,301
Cash used in operating activities	(2,504,206)	(3,003,824)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Restricted cash	-	475,000
Acquisition of property and equipment	(21,843)	(23,913)
Cash provided by and used in investing activities	(21,843)	451,087
Cash flows from financing activities		
Exercise of stock options	-	141,000
Proceeds from lease incentive allowance	411,240	-
Payment of lease liability	(369,573)	(3,439)
Proceeds from lease receivable	59,220	-
Cash provided by financing activities	100,887	137,561
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations	(2,425,162)	(2,415,176)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents from previously-owned segment	(90,000)	-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	11,119,966	15,830,487
Exchange (loss) gain on cash and cash equivalents	(19,701)	5,050
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	8,585,103	13,420,361
Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:		
Cash at bank and in hand	3,981,801	8,815,254
Demand deposits	4,603,302	4,605,107
	8,585,103	13,420,361

* The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the cumulative effect method as of January 1, 2019. Under this method, the comparative information is not restated. See note 3.

* See accompanying notes to the condensed interim financial statement.

1. Nature of business

VersaPay Corporation ("the Company") is incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada, and its principal place of business is Suite 1800, 18 King Street East, Toronto, Canada. The Company is a financial technology company that provides a cloud-based accounts receivable automation software and integrated payment solutions for businesses. Through its VersaPay Solutions segment ("Solutions"), the Company focuses on electronic invoice presentment with its ARC™ software ("ARC™") and develops value added payment technologies such as PayPort™ (previously known as Electronic Money Transfer, or "EMT").

The Company sells to customers in Canada and the United States ("U.S.").

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The policies applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective as at March 31, 2019. The Board of Directors approved the condensed interim consolidated financial statements on May 21, 2019. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2018 annual consolidated financial statements.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company's wholly-owned U.S. subsidiary, VersaPay Payment Technology Solutions, Inc. which was incorporated on May 17, 2012. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

These are the first set of financial statements where IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16") have been applied. Changes to significant accounting policies are described in note 3.

(b) Basis of measurement

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Other measurement bases used are described in applicable notes.

(c) Functional and presentation of currency

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that management considers to be relevant. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

Judgments, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis, and revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

In management's opinion, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these financial statements. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the upcoming financial year. Annual results may differ from past estimates. The significant judgments are reviewed by Management throughout the year to ensure they remain applicable and have been applied in a consistent manner.

(e) Comparative information

Certain comparative figures have been adjusted (recast) for the three months ended March 31, 2019 as a result of adjustments identified in connection with completion of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. The identified adjustments impacted intra-period revenue, cost of sales and cash and cash equivalents throughout 2018. These comparative figure adjustments were not considered material and did not affect the Company's consolidated revenue or consolidated net loss for the full year.

Certain comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

3. Changes in accounting policies

Except for the adoption of IFRS 16 - Leases, the significant accounting policies used in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are unchanged from those disclosed in the Company's 2018 annual consolidated financial statements and have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 introduced a single on-balance sheet accounting model for lessees, requiring the recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities representing the Company's obligation to make lease payments.

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at January 1, 2019. The comparative figures (2018) has not been restated.

The Company elected to use the following practical expedients available under the standard:

- Apply a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics;
- Account for lease and non-lease components as a single lease component for lease liabilities related to property leases;
- Exclude the initial direct costs for the measurement of right-of-use assets at the date of initial application;
- Not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for (1) short-term leases, that have a lease term of 12 months or less, as well as for (2) leases of low value assets - \$5,000. The payments for such contracts would be accounted for as an expense in the period.

A. The Company's accounting policy under IFRS 16 is as follows:

(a) Definition of lease

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company has elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the lease definition for existing contracts on transition. It applied the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 to existing contracts as of January 1, 2019.

(b) Lessee

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, based on the initial amount of the lease liability. The assets are depreciated to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the lease term using the straight-line method as this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits. The lease term includes periods covered by an option to extend if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability, if the case may be.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in the statement of income if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(c) Sub-lease

When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it determines at lease inception date whether each sub-lease is a finance lease or an operating lease based on whether the contract transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the sub-lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease.

For finance leases, and when the Company acts as intermediate lessor, it recognizes a sublease receivable and derecognizes the right-of-use assets relating to the head lease that it transfers to the sub lessees. Right-of-use assets and lease receivables relating to the sub leases are measured in the same way as the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for the head lease, using the same discount rate to measure the present value of the future payments to be received.

The Company presents accretion expense in the head lease separate from the accretion income from the sub-leases.

B. Explanation of adoption of IFRS 16 Leases

On initial application, the Company has elected to record right-of-use assets based on the corresponding lease receivables and/or lease liabilities. Lease receivables and liabilities have been measured by discounting future lease payments at the incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019. The incremental borrowing rate applied was 6.0% per annum and represents the Company's best estimate of the rate of interest that it would expect to pay to borrow, on a collateralized basis, over a similar term, an amount equal to the lease payments in the current economic environment.

VersaPay Corporation
 Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
 (Canadian dollars)

The following table summarizes the impacts of adopting IFRS 16 at January 1, 2019:

As at	January 1, 2019 after adoption of IFRS 16	Adjustments	January 1, 2019 prior to the adoption of IFRS 16
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Current portion of lease receivable	250,430	250,430	-
Prepaid expenses and other	776,636	(142,670)	919,306
Current assets	30,575,826	107,760	30,468,066
Lease receivable	942,028	942,028	-
Property and equipment	1,771,123	(138,429)	1,909,552
Right-of-use asset	4,785,599	4,785,599	-
Non-current assets	7,978,024	5,589,198	2,388,826
Total assets	38,553,850	5,696,958	32,856,892
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,470,348	(23,759)	2,494,107
Current portion of lease liabilities	956,229	912,696	43,533
Current liabilities	22,286,133	888,937	21,397,196
Lease incentive allowance	-	(509,474)	509,474
Deferred rent	-	(157,944)	157,944
Lease liabilities	5,345,018	5,250,139	94,879
Non-current liabilities	5,345,018	4,582,721	762,297
Total liabilities	27,631,151	5,471,658	22,159,493
Equity			
Accumulated deficit	(39,011,820)	225,300	(39,237,120)
Total equity	10,922,699	225,300	10,697,399
Total liabilities and equity	38,553,850	5,696,958	32,856,892

The application of IFRS 16 to leases, previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, resulted in the recognition of right-of-use assets, lease liabilities and lease receivables. The Company derecognized right-of-use asset relating to the head lease that it transferred to sub lessee (for the sublease of a property lease) and recognized lease receivable (current and long term) from the sublease and recognized \$225,300 gain adjusted to the opening accumulated deficit.

In the condensed interim statements of financial position, lease liabilities relating to leases previously classified as finance leases under IAS 17. There has been no change in the liabilities recognized.

The following tables summarizes the impacts of adopting IFRS 16 on the Company's condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2019:

	March 31, 2019 As reported, for the period ended	Adjustments	March 31, 2019 without adoption of IFRS 16
	\$	\$	\$
General and administrative expenses	2,089,139	57,512	2,031,627
Finance income (expense)	-	(124,500)	124,500

VersaPay Corporation
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Canadian dollars)

As a result of applying IFRS 16, the Company has recognized depreciation, interest expenses and interest income, instead of rent expense. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recognized \$215K of depreciation expense and \$142K interest expense and \$17K interest income (net interest expense of \$125K) from these leases.

As at	March 31, 2019 after adoption of IFRS 16	Adjustments	March 31, 2019 prior to the adoption of IFRS 16
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Current portion of lease receivable	250,430	250,430	-
Prepaid expenses and other	1,010,103	(282,334)	1,292,437
Current assets	21,808,177	(31,904)	21,840,081
Lease receivable	900,190	900,190	-
Property and equipment	1,686,008	(131,623)	1,817,631
Right-of-use asset	9,848,402	9,848,402	-
Non-current assets	12,840,716	10,616,969	2,223,747
Total assets	34,648,893	10,585,065	24,063,828
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,680,577	(23,759)	1,704,336
Current portion of lease liabilities	1,508,599	1,465,066	43,533
Current liabilities	16,652,403	1,441,307	15,211,096
Lease incentive allowance	-	(509,474)	509,474
Deferred rent	-	(157,944)	157,944
Lease liabilities	9,853,286	9,768,050	85,236
Non-current liabilities	9,853,286	9,100,632	752,654
Total liabilities	26,505,689	10,541,939	15,963,750
Equity			
Accumulated deficit	(41,882,251)	43,126	(41,925,377)
Total equity	8,143,204	43,126	8,100,078
Total liabilities and equity	34,648,893	10,585,065	24,063,828

4. Funds held for merchants

The Company holds funds in trust for customers using the PayPort™. In providing the money transfer services through PayPort™ to customers in Canada, the Company temporarily holds its customers' funds. The amount of funds held for merchants typically varies with the volume of transactions being processed. The funds are held at a Schedule A bank and recorded as a current asset. Because these are customer funds, there is an associated Funds Due to Merchants liability.

5. Earnings (loss) per share

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share computation	Three months ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Numerator		
Net (loss) for the period	(2,870,431)	(2,662,563)
Denominator		
Weighted average number of common shares (basic)	43,340,851	37,898,475
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company (\$ per share)		
	(0.07)	(0.07)

6. Financial instruments

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyzes financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method.

- level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- level 3 inputs are inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

In the table below, the Company has segregated all financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value into the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine the fair value at the measurement date.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value as at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are summarized below. The Company has no additional financial liabilities measured at fair value after initial recognition other than those recognized in connection with business combinations.

	March 31, 2019				December 31, 2018			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets								
Demand deposits	4,603,302	-	-	4,603,302	7,119,624	-	-	7,119,624
Total fair value	4,603,302	-	-	4,603,302	7,119,624	-	-	7,119,624

There were no transfers of fair value measurement between level 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy in the periods ended March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The table below sets out the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost – the carrying amount, together with the fair value, as at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, receivables (trade, lease and other), funds held for merchants, accounts payments and accrued liabilities, lease liabilities and funds due to customers approximate their fair values due to the nature of these financial instruments.

VersaPay Corporation
 Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
 (Canadian dollars)

	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash and cash equivalents	8,585,103	8,585,103	11,119,966	11,119,966
Resitriced cash	37,158	37,158	37,158	37,158
Trade and other receivables				
Funds held for merchants	10,491,428	10,491,428	16,624,969	16,624,969
Trade receivables	1,245,101	1,245,101	1,246,458	1,246,458
Lease receivables	1,150,620	1,150,620	-	-
Other receivable	74,171	74,171	464,701	464,701
Trade and other receivables	21,583,581	21,583,581	29,493,252	29,493,252
Other financial liabilities measured at amortized cost :				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities				
Regular operations	1,680,577	1,680,577	2,494,107	2,494,107
Associated with previously-owned segment	704,299	704,299	794,299	794,299
Funds due to merchants	10,491,428	10,491,428	16,624,969	16,624,969
Lease liabilities	11,361,885	11,361,885	-	-
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	24,238,189	24,238,189	19,913,375	19,913,375

(a) Credit risk

The Company has credit risk as a result of its trade accounts receivable. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the client base is large. As such, the Company does not anticipate any significant credit losses.

The maximum exposure to credit risk in terms of trade receivables as at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Trade receivable - gross balance	1,263,714	1,265,175
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(18,613)	(18,717)
Trade receivable, net	1,245,101	1,246,458

The aging of the accounts receivable as at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Current	672,682	442,879
Past due 1-30 days	340,041	128,933
Past due 31-60 days	55,354	295,292
Past due more than 61 days	177,024	379,354
Accounts receivable - net balance	1,245,101	1,246,458

Of the accounts receivable at March 31 2019, 53% were collected subsequent to quarter end.

(b) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows or fair value of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, approximately 52% of revenue is transacted in U.S. dollars (2018 – 27%) and the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk thereon.

If the Canadian dollar weakened by 10% relative to the U.S. dollar, the Company's revenues would increase by approximately \$0.1 million and net income would increase by \$0.07 million for the quarter.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to minimal interest rate cash flow risk as the interest rate on obligations under finance lease is fixed.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its financial commitments or can only do so at excessive cost. The Company ensures there is sufficient liquidity to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account the need for cash to continue operations and execute future plans, its current holdings of cash and the ability to raise additional funds from external shareholders. With the exception of obligations under finance lease, all of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 45 days.

7. Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the Company is subject to litigation and claims from time to time. The Company may also be subject to lawsuits, investigations and other claims, including environmental, labour, income and sales tax, product, customer disputes and other matters. Management believes that adequate provisions have been recorded in the accounts where required. Although it is not always possible to estimate the extent of potential costs, if any, management believes that the ultimate resolution of such contingencies will not have a material adverse impact on the results of operations, financial position or liquidity of the Company.